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religious notions. The Lord had to correct them, and he said:

rect them, and he said:

"Let us reason even as a man reasoneth one with another face to face.

"Now, when a man reasoneth he is understood of man, because he reasoneth as a man; even so will I, the Lord, reason with you that you may under-

stand.
"Wherefore, I the Lord ask you this
question—unto what were ye ordained?
"To preach my gospel by the Spirit,

even the Comforter which was sent forth to teach the truth.

"And then received ye spirits which ye could not understand, and received them to be of God; and in this are

ye justified?
"Behold ye shall answer this question yourselves; nevertheless, I will be merciful unto you; he that is weak among you hereafter shall be made

Verily I say unto you, he that is ordained of me and sent forth to preach the word of truth by the Comforter, in the Spirit of truth, doth he preach it by the spirit of truth or some other

"And if it be by some other way it is

not of God.

strong.

"And again, he that receiveth the word of truth, doth he receive it by the Spirit of truth or some other way?

"If it be some other way it is not of God.

or God.
"Therefore, why is it that ye cannot understand and know, that he that receiveth the word by the Spirit of truth receiveth it as it is preached by the Spirit of truth?

"Wherefore, he that preacheth and he that receiveth, understand one another, and both are edified and rejoice together.

"And that which doth not edify is

not of God, and is darkness." (Ibid., 50:11-23.)

It makes no difference who the teacher is, if he teaches false doctrine, if he teaches that which has been condemned by the Lord, that is contrary to what is written in the revelations given to the Church, then he should not teach.

In the forty-second section of the Doctrine and Covenants the Lord declares that he who hath not the Spirit shall not teach. I call upon you brethren in the stakes and in the wards to be alert to find men who have faith in their hearts and a love of the truth of the gospel of Iesus Christ and do not choose men simply because they have a personality or worldly wisdom. Find if they have in their hearts a love of divine truth. If a man cannot accept the revelations in the Bible, in the Book of Mormon, the Doctrine and Covenants, the Pearl of Great Price, which we have received as standards. if he has reservations in his mind in regard to the things that are there recorded, which have come to us by the word of the Lord, then he ought not

be teaching in any organization, any class, anywhere in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. May the Lord bless us one and all, guide us in righteousness, help us through the study of the scriptures to know his will, I humbly pray in the name of Jesus Christ. Amen.

President David O. McKay:

President Joseph Fielding Smith, President of the Quorum of the Twelve, has just concluded speaking. We shall now hear from Elder Antoine R. Ivins, of the First Council of Seventy, who will be followed by Elder Eldred G. Smith.

ELDER ANTOINE R. IVINS

Of the First Council of the Seventy

M^x BRETHREN AND SISTERS: If I say anything that may be helpful to you this afternoon, it will be because you lend me your faith and prayers, for I sense a deep feeling of responsibility as I occupy your time.

I represent one of the quorums of the priesthood which we call the General Authorities of the Church. You face the General Authorities. We face the great body of the priesthood who regulate, under the direction of the General Authorities, the affairs of the wards, the stakes, and the missions of the Church. To bear that priesthood is a tremendous responsibility, and it is the duty of us who bear it to magnify it, to come to understand through our faith, our payers, and our service what the duties of the various offices are and then strive to magnify our calling.

Whenever one accepts an ordination in the priesthood, I take it that there is an implied promise, even if it is not voiced, that he will undertake to magnify that calling. Too many of us, I think, when we fail, lay it to the fact that the devil tempts us. I think myself, we ought to take personal responsibility for it, because when we are endowed with the priesthood we are supposed to have access to our heavenly Father and to his Spirit, which would give us control over all of these weaknesses and temptations, and if we would enjoy to the very fullest the Spirit of God, we would have that control.

Now, the only way to get this Spirit that I know of is to work for it. The Lord has said if we would do the things he has told us to do, we will know of the doctrine, whether it be of God. And we should strive first of all to get that testimony that will carry us through and over all the temptations and pitfalls that may lie in our path. I think that is the only way really to know that the gospel is true, to put it into prac-tice in our lives. There are many of us, perhaps, who feel that the position which we hold is not too important, but I like, as I go through the stakes and meet the priesthood of the stakes, to express my idea that so far as I am concerned, the most important job, if you want to call it a job, and the most important assignment in the priesthood is the one I have. If I can manage to magnify my calling, I should not worry about what other people, either ahead of me or who work along by my side, are able to do. My problem, brethren and sisters, is to magnify my particular calling.

Now the priesthood of the brethren who stand before us is a great and wonderful endowment. All of the grand and glorious privileges that we enjoy as members of the Church come to us only through the offices of that priesthood. We should appreciate it, brothers and sisters; we should love it; and we should strive to magnify it.

This has been the problem, of course, of mankind from the beginning, to live in a manner that would please God. We should strive to do it.

Now, some of us are presidents of ciders' quorums, some of us are presidents of seventies' quorums, some of us are presidents of high priests' quorums, and some of us have special offices in this priesthood. Are we willing, and are we determined to accept the responsibilities of these various offices and magnify them?

Brethren and sisters, when I contemplate the fact that the privileges which you and I enjoy are carrying into a life which will extend beyond this one into eternity, then I am overpowered with the thought that I should bend every effort and every power within me to magnify my calling, so I should be worthy of a high and exalted position afterwards. It is within the possibility of every man to do it. That was the design of God, our heavenly Father that we should come here with equal privileges. The problem is, are we willing, and will we do it? We can if we will. Will we leave this conference with a renewed determination to magnify our callings, and to help the people whom we are set apart to help, we who are leaders of the Church, or will we just think we have had a pleasant time and proceed to forget the admonitions?

Brethren and sisters, we cannot afford to forget the good resolutions that we make when we sit under the spell of these brethren who are surrounding us. We cannot wish ourselves into success; praying will help; but there must be activity if we magnify this calling.

There are many of us, as I said, who are presidents of elders' quorums. The elders' quorum is the largest quorum in the Melchizedek Priesthood, larger than the combined quorums of the high priests and the seventies. If we would strive to benefit and bless the Melchizedek Priesthood, generally, in

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the Church, it seems that that is the place where we should put special effort, because it is the large group, and it just happens to be, if we can trust the statistics of the Church, the group where our help could be most effective and most noticeable. But do we do it? We, who are presidents of the elders quorums? Do we sit down with our brethren, privately, and talk over their problems with them, striving to encourage them in their work, or are we content to stand up before them on Sunday morning in the quorum meeting, announce a hymn and a prayer and a speaker, and let it go at that?

Bishop Buehner this morning spoke about the dignity of ward teaching. I believe the best ward teaching that I ever heard of was that performed by a friend of mine on the ditchbank with the boys, the teen-age boys of his particular ward. Ward teaching should go right into the homes of the people and attack their personal problems. It is not a matter of the weather or things of that sort. We have discovered in the stake missionary work that in ten years we have picked up seven thousand children whose baptism had been neglected because they had not been taught its necessity. When the stake missionaries found them, they were eager to be baptized, not only willing, but eager. It has always appealed to me that somewhere along the line, some ward teacher, as well as the father and mother, forgot a duty, and the same thing, I think, applies to the elders' quorums and the seventies' quorums.

quorums and the seventies quorums. The duty of a president is to understand the private life of every member of his quorum and do what he can to ameliorate adverse conditions and to enhance the good ones. If we could do that, brethren, as quorum presidents, as bishops, as stake presidents, as though as a stake president, and the contribution it would be to the welfare of the membership of the Church. After all, brethren, those of us who are here are mainly of that

category, or those categories—those of us who are here, whom I am facing now, are mainly men—who have official responsibility in this priesthood, and what are we doing a boott it? We are doing a wonderful work, it is true, but we are not nearing perfection in it. When we consider the great number of men who have gone past their majority and into married life without ever having received any priesthood at all, then you will agree with me that somewhere along the line, we have not succeeded in doing what we should do.

When you contemplate the great number of priests who go out of the priests' quorum and never get into the clders' quorum, you will have to admit again that somewhere along the line leadership has failed.

Now, brethren and sisters, we who hold the priesthood have that responsibility when the side of the priesthood have that responsibility. We who are the greater responsibility. We who are the wives, or you who are the wives, or you who are the wives. I cannot include myself in that, have the responsibility of helping your husbands to do it, and too often it is your failure to co-operate which prevents an officer from fully magnifying his calling.

My appeal today, brethren and sisters, is that we who have this responsibility shall make a renewed effort to understand our problems and to magnify it, and the wives should make a definite resolution that they will never stand in the way of the official performance of the duty of a husband.

May God bless us, not only with an understanding of our problems, but also with the power to do it, I pray in the name of Jesus. Amen.

President David O. McKay:

We have just heard a message from Elder Antoine R. Ivins, of the First Council of Seventy. Elder Eldred G. Smith, Patriarch to the Church, will now address us.