Saint woman wants her husband to magnify that holy calling which has come to him. The difficulties that arise usually stem from an attempt on the part of the head of the household to exercise inconsiderate or autocratic authority. There is no position in the Church in which the constitution and doctrine of the priesthood as revealed by the Lord has more direct application than to a husband and father in the home. He must never cease to be guided by the divine direction that:

"No power or influence can or ought to be maintained . . . only by persuasion, by long-suffering, by gentleness and meekness, and by love unfeigned . . .

"Reproving betimes with sharpness, when moved upon by the Holy Ghost; and then showing forth afterwards an increase of love toward him whom thou hast reproved, lest he esteem thee to be his enemy." (D. & C. 121:41, 43.) Every head of the household may

win respect for his position if he will but truly follow these divine directions.

I need not tell you how greatly broken homes contribute to juvenile delinquency, mentioned by President McKay. You know what lack of respect for law and order is doing to our society, but I believe that the first lessons in order, reverence, and respect for law and established institutions come from the home. The home itself should be an institution of law and order. Remember there is no order without law.

It is a kindness to children to teach them the necessity for law and also the penalties for violation. If they do not learn this in the homes, they will have to learn it in the hard ways which society enforces. Any wife and mother who fails to accord to the man of the priesthood who heads her household deference for his position, and who disparages him in the eyes of her children will live to regret her actions, and any man who heads a household who does not make himself worthy of the respect of his wife and children will be sorry.

My dear brethren, we have no greater and more pressing obligation than to establish and maintain the solidarity and the goodness of home and family. We have the power within ourselves to set the example for this whole world. and there are enough of us, even in comparison with the great populations of the world, to set this example so that it may be read by all the peoples of the world if we will but live to our opportunities and the responsibilities the Lord has given us.

For one, I pray for strength in my-self and in all of you to live according to the Lord's word, to show gratitude and appreciation for our testimonies and for our membership in his King-

dom, that we may all give united sup-port to his Holy Cause. I ask his blessings ever to attend you in the name of Jesus Christ, Amen.

PRESIDENT DAVID O. McKAY

s I have said before in the presence of our fellow laborers in the Council A and in this General Priesthood Meeting, I feel in your presence and sense more keenly what John the Beloved Disciple felt when he said, "We know that we have passed from death unto life, because we love the brethren." (I John 3:14.) I say that tonight with all my heart, as I look upon this vast audience and sense, too, the number of additional groups meeting in various places named.

Several days ago I entered my study after a hard day's work, anticipating this moment. The general outline for this Conference had been prepared, outlined so far as those who should pray and those who should speak and when: we had asked the Lord to guide us regarding appropriate messages. On that particular evening, however, I had in mind this moment, and I was physically and mentally fatigued. I could not study, I could not get my mind on anything definite; so after a word of secret prayer I retired.

The next morning early I entered my study, reached for a little book that contains what I call "literary nuggets," taken from Church works, from poets, writers such as Scott, Burns, Longfellow and others, and the thought came. "I believe I should like to take some of these nuggets and apply them to the priesthood of the Church." May I

give you one or two tonight.

The first is in harmony with the great comparison made by President Clark of the army and the battle, and it is also, as I shall develop it, in harmony with the impressive remarks by President Richards. "The greatest battle of life is fought out within the silent chambers of the soul."

I ask you fellow workers to do again what undoubtedly you have done frequently, to sit down and commune with yourself. There is a battle on with you, and with me, every day. Fight out with yourself and decide upon your course of action regarding what your duty is first to your family. Of somebody getting into your life who will make an unhappiness or do some unhappiness or do some unhappiness in your home, as we have heard tonight.

Second, your duty to your quorum. You decide whether you owe your quorum anything, and see if you have strength enough to do it after you decide.

Third, you decide in that silent moment what your duty is to your Church. And fourth, what you owe to your fellow men.

Associated on that page was this comment from one of the most sincere writers we have. It is in "The Simple Life" "First, be of your own country, your own city, your own chirty, your own chorbo, Then, if you can, set out from this to go beyond it. That is the plain and natural order, and a man must fortify himself country in the control of the country of the count

Decide where your duty is, even remembering that "the greatest battle of life is fought out within the silent chambers of your own soul."

The second that I picked out is this: "What e'er thou art, act well thy part."
That, of course, applies to moral and lawful endeavors, and not to harmful or villianous actions. That influenced

me fifty-four years ago when, as I have told some of you before, Peter G. Johnson and I were walking around Stirling Castle in Scotland, I was discouraged I was just starting my first mission. I had been snubbed that day in tracting. I was homesick, and we walked around the Stirling Castle, really not doing our duty, and as we re-entered the town I saw a building, half-finished, and to my surprise, from the sidewalk I saw an inscription over the lintel of the front door, carved in stone. I said to Brother Johnson, "I want to go over and see what that is." I was not more than half way up the pathway leading to it, when that message struck me, carved there: "What e'er thou art, act well thy part." As I rejoined my companion and told him, do you know what man came into my mind first? The custodian at the University of Utah, from which I was just graduated. realized that I had as great a respect for that man as I had for any professor in whose class I had sat. He acted well his part. I recalled how he helped us with the football suits, how he helped us with some of our lessons, for he was a university graduate himself. Humble, but to this day I hold respect for him.

What are you? You are men who hold the priesthood of God, who hold divine authority to represent Deity in whatever position to which you have been assigned. When a man, an ordinary man is set apart in his community as a sheriff, there is something added to When a policeman on these streets, at the crossing, holds up his hand, you stop. There is something more about him than just an individual, there is the power that is given him. And so it is throughout life. No man can be given a position without being enhanced. It is a reality. So, too, is the power of the priesthood. It was so real in the days of Peter that Simon the Sorcerer, who was making money by his tricks, wanted to buy it, and offered the Apostles money: "Give me also this power, that on whomsoever I lay hands, he may receive the Holy Ghost." Oh, what a denunciation Peter gave him! "Thy money perish with thee, because thou hast thought that the gift of God may be purchased with money. . . . For I perceive that

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8:19, 20, 23, 22, 24,)

thou art in the gall of bitterness, and in the bond of iniquity. Repent therefore of this thy wickedness, and pray God, if perhaps the thought of thine heart may be forgiven thee." And so strong was the denunciation that Simon said, "Pray ye to the Lord for me, that none of these things which ye have sooken come upon me." (Acts

There was no doubt in Simon's mind about the reality of the power of the Holy Ghost. "What e'er thou art, act well thy part." Are you a deacon, do the duties of a deacon well. Are you a teacher, do your work well. A priest watching over the Church, visiting with them,-young men in this Church, if we could just do the duties of the teacher and of the priest, teaching people their duty, what a power for good to young men eighteen years of age, and nineteen. Not incorrigible, not recreants, but leaders. Brethren there is nothing in the world so powerful in guiding youth as to have them act well their parts in the priesthood.

In the same passage quoted by President Richards, the Lord says that many are called, but few are chosen, and why are they not chosen? Because their hearts are set so much upon the things of this world and aspire to the honors of men, that they do not learn this one lesson, that the rights of the priesthood are inseparably connected with the powers of heaven, and that the powers of heaven cannot be controlled nor handled only upon the principle of righteousness. That they may be conferred upon us, it is true, but when men begin to exercise unrighteous dominion, then the power that is given to them is withdrawn, they are left to themselves to kick against the pricks, to fight against God.

. I can merely mention these. You work them out for yourself.

The third: "There is none other name under heaven given among men, whereby we must be saved." (Acts 4:12.) It was a most dramatic scene when that sentence was uttered, and so you have this thought expressed as follows: The world's hope and destiny, the world's hope and destiny are centered in the Man of Galilee, our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ.

In your moment when you are fight-ing out the battle of the day, will you look introspectively and see whether you really believe that? Paul Kane once asked this question: "Is fesus only a legendary figure in history, a Saint to be painted in the stained glass of church windows, a sort of sacred fairy not to be approached and hardly to be mentioned by name, or is he still what he was when he was in the flesh, a reality, a man of like passions with ourselves, an elder brother, a guide, a counselor, a comforter, a great voice calling to us out of the past to live molly, to guide bravely, and keep up

our courage to the last."
What is he to you, my fellow labore?
When you kneel down to pray at night,
do you feel his nearness, his personality
hearing you, do you feel a power that
operates perhaps as the radio or a greater
power so that you feel that you are
communing with him? You are
to the communing with him? You are
to go you know tonight that he is
real, our Savior, the Head of the
Church? I know he is, and I know, too,
that a whole nation right rought is
trying to teach a million boys that
Christ is but a myth and there is no

God.

And now I will just pass to the fourth. "If my life is of no value to the yellow for the property of the

not to leave his fellowmen.

Paracelsus obtained his knowledge, but he learned the lesson of life. Finally, an old man, Paracelsus was in Greece, and Festus heard about him and rushed to his old friend's bedside. There, that great philosopher and scholar said, "Festus, I have found the secret of life."

"What is it?" said Festus.

Paracelsus said, "There was a time when I was happy."

"And when was that?" said Festus.
"All I hope depends upon that answer."
"When, but the time I vowed myself

to man!"
"Great God," exclaimed Festus, "Thy
judgments are inscrutable!"

"There is an answer to the longing of the human heart," continued Paracelsus, "and it is this: Live in all things outside yourself by love, and you will have joy. That was the life of God; it ought to be our life. In him it was perfect, but in all created things it is a lesson learned through difficulty."

Time has passed. I give you these nuggets and ask you to fight your fight daily, and say nothing that will hurt your wife, that will cause her tears, even though she might cause you provocation. Realize that those children are your eternal possessions, treasures of eternity. Do not dare to set an improper example towards them. You are men of the priesthood and you are leaders. Never let them hear a cross word. You should control yourself. He is a weak man who flies into a passion, whether he is working a machine or plowing or writing or whatever he may be doing in the home. A man of the priesthood should not fly into a passion. Learn to be dignified. You cannot picture Christ flying into a passion. Indignant with sin? Yes. Overturning the money changers when they insulted God and defiled the temple. Yes: But so dignified and noble that when he stands before Pilate he makes that leader say: "Behold, the man," God bless you, our dear fellow laborers as you go back now to your homes in stakes and wards and magnify the Holy Priesthood, I pray in the name of Jesus Christ. Amen.

President David O. McKay:

We have some reports: Pasadens Kitake, "200 hethren especially grateful for opportunity to hear Conference," Scattle, "Reception excellent. Extend sincere appreciation for privilege. May God's blessings continue to be with you and the brethren. Scattle Stake Presidency," And many others. They are now summarized here, a total of 19,007 members of the priesthood reporting in Idaho, Utah, Nevada, Wyoming, Colerado, Washington, Oregon, Southern California, Central California, Northean (2000, 10,000, 12,000, 17,000, 16,000, April, 1954, we had 20,111. Tonight we have 19,007 as reported.

The Men's Chorus of the Tabernacle Choir, will now sing, "The Lord Bless and Keep You," conducted by Elder Cornwall, after which, Elder Elmo P. Humpherys, President of the Reno Stake, will offer the benediction.

The Tabernacle Choir Men's Chorus sang, "The Lord Bless and Keep You."

President David O. McKay:

Thank you, Brother Cornwall, and all members of the Chorus.

President Elmo P. Humpherys of the Reno Stake offered the benediction.

THIRD DAY MORNING MEETINGS

CHURCH OF THE AIR

Columbia Broadcasting Company's Church of the Air was presented at 8:30 a.m., Sunday, October 3, 1954. The

program as presented was as follows: The Tabernacle Choir, under the direction of I. Spencer Cornwall, furnished the music for this service, with Frank W. Asper at the organ. Allen Jensen was the announcer.

was the announcer.

Music: Organ and humming choir:
"Sweet Is the Work."

Announcer: The Church of the Air is

Announcer: The Church of the Air is presented by CBS Radio so that men of many faiths may speak to a nationwide congregation. Today's service comes to you from the "Mormon" Tabernacle on