excepting two, who are detained at home

because of illness.

For those who are unable to enter the building, we announce that these services are being broadcast in the Assembly Hall and in Barratt Hall over a public address system and by television. These services are also being televised over KSL-TV, Channel S, of Salt Lake Gity and are being heard over radio station KSL of Salt Lake Gity and by arrangement through KSL over II radio stations for the elevision stutions in what and Idaho. The elevision stutions in what and Idaho elevision stutions have attained have a ready been announced to the radio audience.

We desire to express our appreciation to these various radio stations for their courtesy in making available their time and facilities for these broadcasts.

We are favored again this afternoon by the presence of the Relief Society Singing Mothers from the Northern Utah Region, Ogden Region, and Summit Stake, with Florence J. Madsen conducting, and Frank W. Asper at the organ.

We shall begin these services by the Relief Society Singing Mothers singing, "Holy Lord God," conducted by Sister Madsen The opening prayer will be offered by Elder Ross C. Lee, president of the Gooding Stake.

The Choir will now sing, "Holy Lord od."

As announced by the President, the Singing Mothers sang as an opening number, "Holy Lord God."

President Ross C. Lee of the Gooding Stake offered the invocation.

President David O. McKav:

The invocation was offered by President Ross C. Lee of the Gooding Stake.
The Relief Society Singing Mothers will now favor us with, "The Twenty-

Third Psalm."
Following this, President Joseph Fielding Smith will speak to us.

The Singing Mothers sang an anthem,

President David O. McKay:

President Joseph Fielding Smith of the Council of the Twelve Apostles will be our first speaker this afternoon. He will be followed by Elder LeGrand Richards.

PRESIDENT JOSEPH FIELDING SMITH

Of the Council of the Twelve Apostles

As a WITNESS to the mission of the Lord Jesus Christ, I address my remarks not only to those who are assembled here, but also to those who are scattered abroad, many of whom may not be members of the Church.

The Lord said that in the mouth of

two or three witnesses, all things should be established, and he has always had witnesses who could bear testimony of this truth by divine revelation and ap-

pointment.

When he sent the missionaries out in the early days after the restoration of the gospel, the Lord said he sent them that they might "be prepared in all things when I shall send you again to magnify the calling whereunto I have called you, and the mission with which I have commissioned you.

"Behold, I sent you out to testify and

warn the people, and it becometh every man who hath been warned to warn his neighbor.

"Therefore, they are left without excuse, and their sins are upon their own heads." (D & C 88:80-82.)

So the words that are spoken by those who are commissioned and have the authority to bear witness of the truth are binding not only upon the members of the Church, but also upon all unto whom this message comes.

In regard to the coming forth of the Book of Mormon, the Lord said that he would choose witnesses. There should be three special witnesses that should bear record to the world, and said he:

"And there is none other which shall view it, save it be a few according to the will of God, to bear testimony of his word unto the children of men; for the Friday, October 5 Lord God hath said that the words of the faithful should speak as if it were

from the dead.

"Wherefore, the Lord God will proceed to bring forth the words of the book; and in the mouth of as many witnesses as seemeth him good will he establish his word; and wo be unto him that rejecteth the word of God!" (2 Ne.

27:13-14.) I shall not take time to read the testimonies of the Three Witnesses, nor of the Eight Witnesses to the Book of Mormon. These are published in each copy of that book. The testimony of Oliver Cowdery, David Whitmer, and Martin Harris was that in the presence of an angel they beheld the record from which the Book of Mormon was translated, and had the privilege of examining it in the presence of that heavenly being, and the voice of the Lord sounded to them from the heavens calling upon them to bear witness of this truth, to every nation, kindred, tongue, and peo-

Eight other witnesses beheld the plates, but not in the presence of an angel. These are the witnesses spoken of in the Book of Mormon, whom the Lord said he would call to bear record of the truth of this Book of Mormon.

All those who have heard of the Book of Mormon, all those who have read it, have had the opportunity to read the testimonies of Oliver Cowdery, David Whitmer, and Martin Harris, who bore solemn testimony to the truth of this record, that is, of its being revealed. If they refuse to read (and yet their attention has been called to this fact, that the Lord has spoken, that he has given into the hands of the world today the record of those people who lived anciently) and they turn away and reject it, they will have to answer for it before the judgment seat of God.

And we be unto those who take it upon themselves to fight these revelations.

I bear witness to you that the Lord has made it very clear to me by revelation which I have received, and many of you who are here present can bear witness likewise, that these things are true, and that is the privilege of any sincere person who will endeavor to read with a prayerful spirit and a desire to know whether the book is true or not; and he will receive that testimony according to the promise that was made by Moroni, who sealed the record to come forth in the Dispensation of the

Fulness of Times. I thought it would be well, however. to bring two testimonies here and read them, one from David Whitmer and one from Oliver Cowdery. When I read these, I am going to read the copies that I made from the original sources. This

is not a copy from a copy, but a copy from the original, that I read to you. This is a testimony of David Whitmer, given in Richmond, Missouri, March 19, 1881—copied from the original document, which was published in the Richmond Conservator on that date.

"Unto all nations, kindreds, tongues and people unto whom these presence

shall come-

"It having been represented by one John Murphy of Polo [Caldwell County], Missouri, that I had in a conversation with him last summer, denied my testimony as one of the three witnesses to the Book of Mormon-

To the end thereof, that he may understand me now if he did not then, and that the world may know the truth, I wish now, standing as it were, in the very sunset of life, and in the fear of God, once for all to make this public statement:

"That I have never at any time, denied that testimony or any part thereof, which has so long since been published with that book, as one of the three witnesses

"Those who know me best, will know that I have always adhered to that testimony-And that no man may be misled or doubt my present views in regard to the same, I do now again affirm the truth of all my statements as then made and published.

"He that hath an ear to hear, let him hear: It was no delusion. What is written is written, and he that readeth let him understand. . .

"And if any man doubt should he not

carefully and honestly read and understand the same before presuming to sit in judgment, and condemning the light which shineth in darkness, and showeth the way to eternal life, as pointed out by the hand of God?

"In the Spirit of Christ who hath said follow thou me; for I am the life, the light, and the way." I submit this statement to the world. God, in whom I trust being my judge, as to the sincerity of my motives and the faith and hope that is in me of eternal life.

"My sincere desire is that the world may be benefited by the plain and sim-

ple statement of the truth.

"And all the honor be to the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost, which is one God. Amen."

This document bears the signature and endorsement as to the character of David Whitmer by the following citizens of Richmond Par County Min

"David Whitmer, Sr."

David Whitmer by the following citizens of Richmond, Ray County, Missouri.

Richmond, Mo. March 19th., A.D. 1881.

"We the undersigned citzens of Richmond, Ray County, Mo., where David Whitmer, Sr. has resided since the year AD. 1838, certify that we have been long and intimately acquainted with him, and know him to be a man of the highest integrity and of undoubted truth and veracity—Given at Richmond, Mo., this March 19, AD. 1881.

A. W. Doniphan"

George W. Dunn, Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit. T. D. Woodson, President Ray County

Savings Bank Jacob O. Child, Editor of Conservator

H. C. Garmen, Cashier Ray County Savings Bank

W. A. Holman, County Treasurer J. S. Hughes, Banker, Richmond, Mo. James Hughes, Banker, Richmond, Mo. D. P. Whitmer, Attorney At Law James W. Black, Attorney At Law L. C. Cantwell, Postmaster, Richmond,

Geo. I. Watson, Mayor Jas. A. Davis, Revenue Collector J. Hughes, Probate Judge and P. J. Ray

County Courts Geo. W. Trigg, County Clerk Ray

County
H. W. Mosby, M.D.

Thos. McGinnis, Late Sheriff Ray County

W. R. Holman, Furniture Merchant

J. P. Qouisinberrey, Merchant Lewis Slaughter, Recorder of Deeds G. W. Buchanan, M.D. A. K. Reyburn

The following editorial in the Richmond Conservator was also published: "Elsewhere we publish a letter from David Whitmer, Sen., an old and well known citizen of Ray, as well as an endorsement of his standing as a man, signed by a number of the leading citizens of this community, in reply to some unwarranted aspersions made upon

"There is no doubt that Mr. Whitmer, who was one of the Three Witnesses of the authenticity of the gold plates, from which he asserts that Joe Smith translated the Book of Mormon (a facsimile of them he now has in his possession with the original records)" -may I be pardoned to pause there and say he did not have the original records; what the editor meant was that he had a copy of the manuscript of the Book of Mormon, which manuscript was used in the translation of the record—"is firmly convinced of its divine origin, and while he makes no effort to obtrude his views or belief, he simply wants the world to know that so far as he is concerned there is no 'variableness or shadow of turning.' Having resided here for half of a century, it is with no little pride that he points to his past record, with the consciousness that he has done nothing derogatory to his character as a citizen and a believer in the Son of Mary to warrant such an attack on him, coming from what source it may, and now, with the lilies of seventyfive winters crowning him like an aureole, and, his pilgrimage on earth well nigh ended he reiterates his former statement and will leave futurity to solve the problem that he was but a passing witness of its fulfilment."

From a letter written by Oliver Cowdery, another of the three witnesses, to his brother-in-law, Phineas Young, March 23, 1846, from Tiffin, Ohio, I copy this:

"I have cherished a hope, and that one of my fondest, that I might leave such a character as those who might believe in my testimony, after I should be called hence, might do so, not only Friday, October 5

for the sake of the truth, but might not blush for the private character of the man who bore that testimony. I have been sensitive on this subject, I admit, but I ought to be so, you would be under the circumstances, had you stood in the presence of John with our departed Brother Joseph, to receive the Lesser Priesthood, and in the presence of Peter, to receive the Creater, and look down through time, and witness the effects the two must produceted the produce of the produce of the produceted the produce of the produce of the produceted the produce of the produce of the produce of the produce that were wicked men conspiring to lessen the effects of your testimony on man, after you have gone to your longsought rest."

You know, when Oliver Cowdery wrote that he was not a member of the Church, he had left the Church through some transgression. Not long, however, after he wrote this letter to his brotherin-law he found his way back to the

body of the Church.

When the Prophet Joseph Smith was in Carthage Jail with his brother Hyrum, John Taylor, and Willard Richards, the Prophet asked that a letter be written to Oliver Cowdery asking him if he had not fed upon the husks long enough. I do not know what became of that letter, but evidently it must have been written and shortly after the martyrdom. Oliver Cowdery found his

way back to Nauvoo and then continued his journey across the Territory of lowa to the camp of the Latter-day Saints at Kanesville, where he made his plea to be brought back again into the Church, testifying there again, which testimony I think is quite generally known, that he was not asking to come back for any place or position, but merely to be a humble member of the Church, and he bore witness to the same thinks on his return.

had been lying and the story was not true, at the time when unstable members of the Church were forsaking it, he never would have gone to Nauvoo, among the enemies of the people, and then continued his journey westward to find the body of the Latter-day Saints when everyone else thought they had

Just another word-if Oliver Cowdery

gone to their destruction.

The Lord bless you, I pray, in the name of Iesus Christ. Amen.

President David O. McKay:

We have just listened to President Joseph Fielding Smith of the Council of the Twelve Apostles. Our next speaker will be Elder LeGrand Richards of the Council of the Twelve, and he will be followed by Elder Oscar A. Kirkham.

ELDER LEGRAND RICHARDS

Of the Council of the Twelve Apostles

AM SURE I express the feeling of every heart here today when I say that I have thrilled with the sessions of this conference up to this present moment. The music has been out of this world, and the prayers have been beautiful, and the instructions and counsel and advice and the testimonies of the brethren have been wonderful.

I pray that I may make a contribution that may be helpful to the final success of this conference. I would like to say a few words about

prophecy. I have always been a great believer in the words of the prophets. Through Isalah the Lord said:

I am God, and there is none like me,

Declaring the end from the beginning. . . . (Isa. 46:9-10.)

To me it seems that the prophets have laid out just about as completely and perfectly the great plan of the Lord with respect to this earth and the inhabitants thereof until the final winding up scenes when his kingdom shall have been established, and he shall come and reign as King of kings, as an architect does when he plans a building.

So I believe in prophecy. You remember when the Savior appeared to the two disciples on the way to Emmaus; as he listened to them he said: "O fools, and slow of heart to believe all that the prophets have spoken."