

Thursday, April 6

First Day

It establishes and proves to the world that Joseph Smith is a prophet, for he received the book from a resurrected personage and translated it by the gift and power of God. And since the Book of Mormon came by revelation, which included the ministering of angels, then obviously Joseph Smith also received other revelations and was ministered to by other heavenly beings. Among those revelations was the command to organize the Church. The Church is thus the one true Church because it was set up by a prophet acting under command of God. Thus the truth of the message of the restoration is established in and through and by means of the Book of Mormon.

No person can read this book, according to the prescribed pattern, and not know that it is true. No person can read this book, in the way Moroni directed, without getting in his heart the absolute, certain, sure knowledge that Jesus Christ is the Son of God. No person can read this book and learn of its divinity ". . . by the power of the

Holy Ghost . . ." (Moroni 10:5), without knowing that Joseph Smith is a Prophet of God and that this Church, as now constituted, organized, and set up is God's kingdom on earth.

As one voice among thousands of others, I certify that I know by the promptings of the Spirit that the Book of Mormon is true. As a consequence I have in addition a personal knowledge, also born of the Spirit, of the divinity of Christ, of the divine mission of the Prophet Joseph Smith, and of all things incident to this great latter-day work which are essential for the salvation and exaltation of men.

In the name of Jesus Christ. Amen.

**President David O. McKay:**

He to whom we have just listened is Elder Bruce R. McConkie of the First Council of Seventy. Elder Antoine R. Ivins will be our next speaker. He will be followed by Elder LeGrand Richards of the Council of the Twelve.

### ELDER ANTOINE R. IVINS

#### *Of the First Council of the Seventy*

My brethren and sisters, I am happy again to have the privilege of bearing my testimony to you in the general conference of the Church. I realize I will be able to say nothing that will help you or me unless you give me your faith and prayers that I may enjoy the Spirit of the Lord.

Much has been said during the conference thus far of the missionary responsibility under which we as members of the Church rest. I stand before you, as many of you know, as the grandson of a member of the Twelve who went to introduce the gospel to Europe, starting in Denmark. I am the son of one of eight men who carried the work to the Mexican people, traveling on horseback, carrying their beds on pack horses.

I have lived practically all of my life, all my life in fact, in an atmosphere of Church service, and I trust that to the end of my days, I may be able to acquit

myself in some reasonable way of the responsibility under which I labor.

We are getting reports from many sections and many missions of the great influx of new members into the Church. When I began this service, if a missionary performed a baptism a year in a foreign mission he was considered successful. The harvest is tremendously greater now. It is very, very interesting to contemplate it, and one wonders why, and I cannot quite figure it out except it be that the Lord has seen fit to pour out his Spirit upon a greater number of people than formerly was the case. I cannot believe that anybody has a stronger testimony of the gospel than my grandfather and my father had. I cannot believe that anybody is more susceptible, as a missionary for the Church, to the inspiration and the Spirit of God than the missionaries who went out in the very early days of the Church.

But we see the fact that many people, more people perhaps than ever before, are coming into the Church. It means to us, or it means to me, an additional responsibility when that happens.

Not very long ago, a few large trees that stood on the corner of South Temple and State Street were picked up and transplanted. In the transplanting of them it was necessary to give them auxiliary support with guy wires from several sides to hold them until they could become established in their new environment. In a sense, every new convert to the Church is a transplanted being in that he needs the support of the established members of the Church. If that support is given, he becomes a full-fledged, faithful member of the Church. If that support is not given, he may do, as far as his faith is concerned, as a transplanted tree that is not properly nourished.

I would like to tell you a story, if you will let me, to illustrate what I mean. Sixty years or more ago, a young man walking down a street, I believe, in Memphis, Tennessee, heard some missionaries speaking in a street meeting. He had been very unfriendly up to that time, but something impelled him to stop and listen. He listened throughout that meeting. After the meeting he walked up to the elders and asked to be baptized. He got a testimony from it, not, I think, from what the elders said, but because some way or another he was ready for the Spirit of God, and God did bear that testimony to him. He asked for baptism. In due course he was baptized, and when he became a member of the Church he was an outcast from his family. So he looked around, and one day he appeared in Colonia Juarez, a new member, inexperienced in Church operations and all that, and of course he got into the right kind of an environment because the people in Colonia Juarez were friendly people; they were interested people, and they gave him every aid possible.

But only this week I had the privilege of reading two letters that told of the interest they had in that man, one was a letter from his bishop and the other was a letter from his stake president, and in both we discovered that there was not only interest in the man's spiritual

well-being, but in his physical well-being, also, and both his bishop and his stake president stood ready to assist to any possible extent in that. Well, do you want to know the result? All right. He married for time and eternity one of the finest young women we had in the colony. He had three sons and three daughters. One of those sons was a missionary in the area that is now the Central Atlantic States Mission. A daughter became the wife of a missionary who served in France. He went there before he was married, I believe, but later was the president of the Central American Mission, faithful and true. And their mother, to this day, while not being strong in health, is a firm, faithful member of the Church. He died in full fellowship, of course, with the love and with the esteem and confidence of the people of that area. Why? Well, he had the qualities in the first place for inspiration, but he had the support and the aid of the officers of Colonia Juarez.

Now, you will pardon me if I have a little extra enthusiasm for Juarez, because that is where I grew up and got my foundation. But in every mission in the Church these new converts come into branches. In some places, of course, they come into stakes, as we have here in the United States, and what happens? Whose responsibility is it to nurse them? I think it is the responsibility of the bishops, and even stake presidents cannot ignore the influx and the responsibility of giving aid and support.

Now, I wonder whether we do it, brethren. Our campaign throughout the stakes is to impress the local ward and stake authorities with the responsibility of assimilating all these new members who come in by baptism or who come in on recommend from other areas of the Church, to stimulate them in their faith and in their endeavor to live the way they should after accepting the responsibilities of membership in the Church.

There is another phase of responsibility, too, that we have, brethren and sisters. I wish that all of you could have been with Sister Ivins and me last Sunday and heard a talk by a teen-age young woman setting forth her plan for qualifying for celestial marriage. I

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First Day

think I have never heard a better statement from a young person than that young woman made, and when she talked, I formed a picture of the family from which she likely came; of the household where she had been reared; of the life of her father and mother and the example that they had set for her to stimulate her in this great endeavor. And if she carries through the program that she set forth, the man who happens to marry her will be a wonderfully fortunate man.

Now, we bring these people into the Church through birth, but that does not in any sense relieve us of as great or greater responsibility for them as we have for these newly-baptized and transplanted members of the Church. So, after all, there resides in the body of the Church the greatest imaginable responsibility—responsibility to the young lives whom we bring into the Church, responsibility to the more mature people whom we bring in through the ministry of the missionary service, and it is very unfortunate when either of these is lost because of the neglect of the people who form the body of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

Brethren and sisters, if we can just get out of my testimony a feeling that we do have a responsibility to these people and that the fathers and mothers have a real responsibility to love each other and love their children into correct and proper living and service in the Church, I will be happy that the

President called me to bear my testimony to you.

I testify that the gospel is true. I know it. A man came to me the other day and he said, "How do you know it?" I said, "I have just as great an assurance that the gospel is true as of anything else I experience." I do not know, I never have claimed that I know everything that could be known about the gospel, but I have lived among enough people of varying nationalities to know that it is a regenerating force which tends to exaltation in the kingdom of God when it is accepted by baptism and when one makes a reasonable effort to live the teachings of God our Heavenly Father.

I hope that I may be able to do it. I am a little like my wife's grandfather—I sat up with him when he was in his nineties and on his deathbed, and he said, "Antoine, I hope I can endure to the end." So I hope that I may enjoy the Spirit of the Lord, the spirit of service, for my life is dedicated to the service of the Church and to each other.

May God bless you, I pray, in the name of Jesus Christ. Amen.

**President David O. McKay:**

Elder Antoine R. Ivins has just spoken to us—a member of the First Council of Seventy. Elder LeGrand Richards of the Council of the Twelve will now address us.

## ELDER LEGRAND RICHARDS

*Of the Council of the Twelve Apostles*

My brothers and sisters, in occupying this position today for a few moments, I have no greater desire and prayer in my heart than that I might say something that will help to increase our love for the truth and our desire to serve the Lord, to be an example to the world and to our families, and to all men, that we may show forth the gifts and graces of the gospel through the lives we live.

In thinking of what I might say today, I want to make reference to a statement I read in an article in the *Reader's*

*Digest* about six months ago that gave seven reasons why a scientist believed in God. This was by A. Cressy Morrison, former president of the New York Academy of Sciences. I am not going to take time to read the article, but I want to read these statements.

For the first reason, he said: "By unwavering mathematical law, we can prove that our universe was designed and executed by a great engineering intelligence." And then after he had given the seven reasons why he believed there was a God, he made this state-