less wrong. We teach our children so. In The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints we revere his name. We worship in his name; we love him.

He said: "Behold, verily, verily, I say unto you, ye must watch and pray always lest ye enter into temptation; for Satan desireth to have you, that he may sift you as wheat.
"Therefore ye must always pray unto

"Therefore ye must alwa the Father in mu name:

"And whatsoever ye shall ask the Father in my name, which is right, believing that ye shall receive, behold it shall be given unto you.

"Pray in your families unto the Father, always in my name, that your wives and your children may be blessed." (3 Ne. 18:19-21. Italics added.)

The authority to use his name has been restored. The disease of profanity, now in epidemic proportions, is spreading across the land, and so, in his name, we pray that a purity of heart might descend upon us, for out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh.

I bear to you my solemn witness that I know that Jesus is the Christ, that he lives, that this is his Church, that there stands at the head of this Church a prophet of God, and I bear that witness in the name of Jesus

Christ. Amen.
The Tabernacle Choir will now sing,
"Deep River," after which Elder
Thomas S. Monson of the Council of
the Twelve will address us.

Singing by the Choir, "Deep River."

President N. Eldon Tanner

Elder Thomas S. Monson of the Council of the Twelve will be our concluding speaker.

Elder Monson.

Elder Thomas S. Monson

Of the Council of the Twelve Apostles

My brothers and sisters, the peace that we feel in this historic tabernacle this morning is in stark contrast to the situation that prevailed some many miles from here on the 5th day of June his past year. On that day, the quiet air of Sinai's desert was broken as jet aircraft streaked noward their targets cannons sounded, tanks lumbered, children cried. The Holy Land, once the personal province of the Prince of Peace, again was shattered by war.

Sounds of conflict and war

This troubled land has witnessed much conflict; its peoples have suf-fered terrible trials and tribulations. No single battle is better remembered, however, than occurred in the Valley of Elah during the year 1063 a.c. Along the mountains on one side, the feared armites of the Philistines was marshalled to march directly to the heart of Judah and the Jordan Valley. On the other side of the valley, King

Saul had drawn up his armies in opposition.

Historians tell us that the opposing forces were about evenly matched in number and in skill. However, the Philistines had managed to keep secret their valued knowledge of smelting and fashioning iron into formidable weapons of war. The sound of hammers pounding upon anvils and the sight of smoke rising skyward from many bellows as the smiths went about the task of sharpening weapons and fashioning new ones must have struck fear into the hearts of Saul's warriors; for even the most novice of soldiers could know the superiority of iron weapons to those of brass.

As often happened when armies faced each other, individual champions challenged others from the opposing forces to single combat. There was considerable precedent for this sort of fighting; and on more than one occasion, notably during the tenure of Samson as judge, battles had been decided by individual combat.

Single combat-Goliath vs. David

Now, however, the situation was reversed as far as Israel was concerned, and it was a Philistine who dared to challenge all other—a veritable giant of a man called Goliath of Gath. Old accounts tell us that Goliath was ten feet tall. He wore brass armor and a coat of mail. And the staff of his spear would stagger a strong man merely to lift, let alone hurl. His shield was the longest ever seen or heard of, his sword a fearone blade.

This champion from the Philistine camp stood and cried unto the armies of Israel: "Why are ye come out to set your battle in array? am not I a Philistine, and ye servants to Saul? choose you a man for you, and let him come down to me." (I Sam. 17:8).

His challenge was that if he were overpowered by the Israelite warrior, then all the Philistines would become servants to the Israelites. On the other hand, if he were victorious, the Israelites would become their slaves. Goliath roared: 'I dely the armies of Israel this day; give me a man, that we may fight together.' (I Sam. 17:10.)

And so, for 40 days came the challenge met only by fear and trembling. And all the men of Israel, when they saw the man Goliath, "fled from him and were sore afraid."

Faith of a shepherd boy

There was one, however, who did not quake with fear nor run in alarm. Rather, he stiffened the spine of Israel's soldiers by his piercing question of rebuke toward them: ". . . Is there rot a cause? . . Let no man's heart fail because of him; thy servant will go and light with this Philistine." (I Sam. 17.29, 32.) David, the shepherd boy, had spoken. But he did not speak just as a shepherd boy, for the hands of Samuel, God's propher, had rested the Spint of the Lord had come upon him.

Saul said to David: "Thou art not able to go against this Philistine to fight with him: for thou art but a youth, and he a man of war from his youth." (1 Sam. 17:33.) But David

persevered and, bedecked with the armor of Saul, prepared to meet the giant. Realizing his helplessness so garbed, David discarded the armor, took instead his staff in his hand, chose five smooth stones out of the brook and put them in a shepherd's bag; and with his sling in hand, he drew near to the Philistine.

All of us remember the shocked exclamation of Goliath: "Am I a dog, that thou comest to me with staves?... Come to me, and I will give thy flesh unto the fowls of the air, and to the hearts of the field" (I Som I 742-44)

beasts of the field." (I Sam. 17:43-44.)
Then David said: "Thou comest to
me with a sword, and with a spear, and
with a shield: but I come to thee in the
name of the Lord of hosts, the God of
the armies of Israel, whom thou hast
defied.

"This day will the Lord deliver thee into mine hand . . . that all the earth may know that there is a God in Israel.

"And all this assembly shall know that the Lord saveth not with sword and spear; for the battle is the Lord's, and he will give you into our hands. "And it came to pass, when the Philistine arose, and came and drew nigh to meet David, that David hasted, and ran toward the army to meet the Philistine.

"And David put his hand in his bag, and took thence a stone, and slang it, and smote the Philistine . . . that the stone sunk into his forehead; and he fell upon his face to the earth.

"So David prevailed over the Philistine with a sling and with a stone, and smote the Philistine, and slew him..." (1 Sam. 17:45-50.)

The battle had thus been fought. The victory had been won. David emerged a national hero, his destiny before him.

Acclaimed hero

Some of us remember David as a shepherd boy divinely commissioned by the Lord through the prophet Samuel. Others of us know him as a mighty warrior, for doesn't the record show the chant of the adoring women following his many victorious battles, "Saul has slain his thousands, and David his ten thousande"? (I Sam. 18:7.) Or perhaps we look upon him as the inspired poet or as one of Israel's greatest kings. Still others recall that he violated the laws of God and took that which belonged to another—the beautiful Bathsheba. He even arranged the death of her husband, Uriah.

I, however, like to think of David as the righteous lad who had the courage and the faith to face insurmountable odds when all others hesitated, and to redeem the name of Israel by facing that giant in his life—Goliath of Gath.

A Goliath in your life?

Well might we look carefully into our own lives and judge our courage, our faith. Is there a Goliath in your life? Is there one in mine? Does he stand squarely between you and your desired happiness? Oh, your Goliath may not carry a sword or hurl a verbal challenge of insult that all may hear and force you to devision. He may not be ten feet tall, but he likely will appear equally as formidable, and his part of the courage of the courage

One man's Goliath may be the stranglehold of a cigarette or perhaps an unquenchable thirst for alcohol. To another, his Goliath may be an unruly tongue or a selfish streak that causes him to spurn the poor and the downtrodden.

Envy, greed, fear, laziness, doubt, vice, pride, lust, selfishness, discouragement—all spell Goliath.
The giant you face will not diminish

in size or in power or strength by your vain hoping, wishing, or waiting for him to do so. Rather, he increases in power as his hold upon you tightens.

The poet Alexander Pope truly describes this truth:

"Vice is a monster of so frightful mien, As, to be hated, needs but to be seen; Yet seen too oft, familiar with her face.

We first endure, then pity, then embrace."

The battle for our immortal souls is no less important than the battle

fought by David. The enemy is no less formidable, the help of Almighty God no farther away. What will our action be? Like David of old, "our cause is just." We have been placed upon earth not to fail or fall victim to temptation's stare, but rather to succeed. Our giant, our Goliath, must be conquered.

David went to the brook and carefully selected five smooth stones with which he might meet his enemy. He was deliberate in his selection, for there could be no turning back, no second chance—this battle was to be decisive.

Equipment essential to victory

Just as David went to the brook, well might we go to our source of supply—the Lord. What polished stones will you select to defeat the Goliath that is robbing you of your happiness by smothering your opportunities? May I offer suggestions:

The stone of courage will be essential to your victory. As we survey the challenge of life, that which is easy is rarely right. In fact, the course that we should properly follow at times appears impossible, impenetrable, hopeless.

Such did the way appear to Laman and Lemuel. When they looked upon their assignment to go unto the house of Laban and seek the records according to God's command, they murmured, saying it was a hard thing that was required of them. Thus, a lack of courage took from them their opportunity; and it was given to courageous Nephi, who responded, "I will go and do the things which the Lord hath commanded, for I know that the Lord giveth no commandments unto the children of men, save he shall prepare a way for them that they may accomplish the thing which he commandeth them." (1 Ne. 3:7.) Yes, the stone of courage is needed.

Let us not overlook the stone of effort—mental effort and physical effort.

"The heights by great men reached and kept

Were not obtained by sudden flight, But they, while their companions slept. Were toiling upward through the night."

night."

("Ladder of St. Augustine.")

Decisive action

The decision to overcome a fault or correct a weakness is an actual step in the process of doing so. "Thrust in thy sickle with thy might" was not spoken of missionary work alone.

Then there must be in our selection the stone of humility, for haven't we been told through divine revelation that when we are humble, the Lord, our God, will lead us by the hand and give us answer to our prayers?

And who would go forth to battle his Goliath without the stone of prayer, remembering that the recognition of a power higher than oneself is in no way debasing; rather it exalts.

Finally, let us choose the stone of duty. Duty is not merely doing the thing we ought to do, but doing it when we should, whether we like it or not.

Armed with this selection of five polished stones to be propelled by the mighty sling of faith, we need then but to take the staff of virtue to steady us; and we are ready to meet the glant Goliath, wherever, and whenever, and however we find him.

Marshal resources for battle

The stone of courage will melt the Goliath of fear; the stone of effort will bring down the Goliaths of indecision and procrastination. And the Goliaths of pride, of envy, of lack of self-respect will not stand before the power of the stones of humilitus, prayer, and dutu.

Above all else, may we ever remember that we do not go forth alone to battle against the Goliaths of our lives. As David declared to Israel, so might we echo the knowledge, "... the battle is the Lord's, and he will give [Goliath] into our hands." (1 Sam. 1747.)

No victory by default

The battle must be fought. Victory cannot come by default. So it is in the battles of life. Life will never

spread itself in an unobstructed view before us. We must anticipate the approaching forks and turnings in the

However, we cannot hope to reach our desired journey's end if we think aimlessly about whether to go east or west. We must make our decisions purposefully. Our most significant opportunities will be found in times of greatest difficulty.

The vast, uncharted expanse of the Atlantic Ocean stood as a Goliath between Christopher Columbus and the new world. The hearts of his comrades became faint, their courage dimmed, hopelessness engulfed them; but Columbus prevailed with his watchword, "Westward, ever Westward, sail on, sail on."

Power of calm conscience

Carthage jail; an angry mob with painted faces; certain death faced the Prophet Joseph Smith. But from the wellsprings of his abundant faith he calmly met the Goliath of death. "I am going like a lamb to the slaughter, but I am as calm as a summer's morning. I have a conscience void of offense toward God, and toward all men."

Gethsemane, Golgotha, intense pain and suffering beyond the comprehension of mortal man stood between Jesus the Master and victory over the grave. Yet he lovingly assured us, "... be of good cheer; I have overcome the world." (John 16:33). "I go to prepare a place for you, ... that where I am, there we may be also." (John 14:23. 3).

And what is the significance of these accounts? Had there been no ocean, there would have been no Columbus. No jail, no Joseph. No mob, no martyr. No cross, no Christl

"Yea, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil: for thou art with me. . . ." (Ps. 23:1, 4.)

May this knowledge be ours, I pray, in the name of Jesus Christ. Amen.

President N. Eldon Tanner

Elder Thomas S. Monson of the Council of the Twelve has just spoken to us.

We express our appreciation for the moving messages delivered by the General Authorities this morning, and to the Tabernacle Choir for their inspirational music.

We are most grateful for the warm response from the managers and operators of the many television and radio stations in offering their facilities as a public service to make the proceedings of this Conference available to millions throughout North America, South America, Africa, and many other areas of the world.

We shall conclude this sixth session of the conference with the Tabernacle Choir singing, "Glory," after which the benediction will be pronounced by Elder Wayne M. Beck, formerly president of the Brazilian Mission. This conference will then be adjourned until 2:00 this afternoon.

The Choir sang the anthem, "Glory," after which the benediction was pronounced by Elder Wayne M. Beck.

Conference adjourned until 2:00 p.m.

THIRD DAY AFTERNOON MEETING

SEVENTH SESSION

The concluding session of the Conference convened Sunday afternoon, October 1, with President Hugh B. Brown, First Counselor in the First Presidency, conducting the service.

The Salt Lake Tabernacle Choir furnished the music for this session, with Richard P. Condie and Jay E. Welch conducting. Robert Cundick was at the organ.

President Hugh B. Brown

President McKay on the advice of his physicians will hear the proceedings of this conference on television. He will have a message for us at the close of the session, which will be read by his son Robert. He has asked me to conduct this session.

Members of the Church are convened in the Tabernacle on Temple Square in Salt Lake City in the closing session of our great conference.

Saturday evening an inspirational priesthood meeting was held where it is estimated one hundred thousand holders of the priesthood participated in various parts of the United States and elsewhere.

This afternoon we extend a cordial welcome to all present,—special guests, educational leaders, stake presidencies from near and far, temple presidencies, bishoprics, members of the general auxiliary boards, and members of the Church and many friends who are listening by radio and television. To all, we bid you welcome.

The music for this session will be rendered by the famous Tabernacle Choir, with Richard P. Condie and Jay E. Welch conducting, and Robert Cundick at the organ.

We shall begin this service by the Choir singing: "Now Let All the Heavens Adore Thee." Brother Welch will conduct this, after which the invocation will be offered by Elder John Collings, President of the Whittier Stake.

The Choir sang, "Now, Let All The Heavens Adore Thee."

The invocation was offered by Elder John Collings, President of the Whittier Stake.